Cork, Limerick, and Waterford, and the town of Belfast; and within the said police district and within the said cities and town the said hours or times are hereby extended, and shall be as follows, that is to say, up to the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, and after the hour of seven o'clock in the evening on Sunday.

day, with certain exceptions.

2. All penalties now in force under the provisions of any Act for selling or exposing for sale, or purchasing, or opening, or keeping open any premises for the sale of intoxicating liquors, or being present in or upon any such premises during any hours or times on Sunday, and all provisions of any Acts now in force in reference to such penalties, are hereby extended to any violation of the provisions of this Act.

Penalties for selling of intoxicating liquors during prohibited hours extended to whole of Sunday.

3. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to apply to sales of intoxicating liquor to lodgers, or to the sale of intoxicating liquor in packet boats, or in canteens in pursuance of any Act regulating the same, or shall preclude the sale at any time at a railway station of intoxicating liquors on arrival or departure of trains, or to bonâ fide travellers as described in the Licensing Act of 1874.

Exemptions.

37 & 38 Vict. c. 69.

4. This Act shall come into operation on the first of October one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight; provided that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquor in pursuance of any license now held until the expiration of the period for which such license has been granted.

Commencement of Act.

5. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the Sale of Liquors on Sunday (Ireland) Act, 1878.

Short title.

6. This Act shall extend to Ireland only.

Extension of Act.

7. This Act shall continue in force until the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and no longer, unless Parliament shall otherwise determine; and on the said day, all the provisions of any Act now in force regulating the hours of opening or keeping open of any premises for the sale of intoxicating liquors on Sunday shall come into operation and take effect as if this Act had not been passed.

Act to continue in force until 31st Dec. 1882.

CHAPTER 73.

An Act to regulate the Law relating to the Trial of Offences committed on the Sea within a certain distance of the Coasts of Her Majesty's Dominions.

[16th August 1878.]

WHEREAS the rightful jurisdiction of Her Majesty, her heirs and successors, extends and has always extended over the open seas adjacent to the coasts of the United Kingdom and of all other parts of Her Majesty's dominions to such a distance as is necessary for the defence and security of such dominions:

And whereas it is expedient that all offences committed on the open sea within a certain distance of the coasts of the United Kingdom and of all other parts of Her Majesty's dominions, by whomsoever committed, should be dealt with according to law:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Territorial Waters Jurisdiction Act, 1878.

Short title.

2. An offence committed by a person, whether he is or is not a subject of Her Majesty, on the open sea within the territorial waters of Her Majesty's dominions, is an offence within the jurisdiction of the Admiral, although it may have been committed on board or by means of a foreign ship, and the person who committed such offence may be arrested, tried, and punished accordingly.

Amendment of the law as to the jurisdiction of the Admiral.

Restriction on institution of proceedings for punishment of offence.

3. Proceedings for the trial and punishment of a person who is not a subject of Her Majesty, and who is charged with any such offence as is declared by this Act to be within the jurisdiction of the Admiral, shall not be instituted in any court of the United Kingdom, except with the consent of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and on his certificate that the institution of such proceedings is in his opinion expedient, and shall not be instituted in any of the dominions of Her Majesty out of the United Kingdom, except with the leave of the Governor of the part of the dominions in which such proceedings are proposed to be instituted, and on his certificate that it is expedient that such proceedings should be instituted.

Provisions as to procedure.

4. On the trial of any person who is not a subject of Her Majesty for an offence declared by this Act to be within the jurisdiction of the Admiral, it shall not be necessary to aver in any indictment or information on such trial that such consent or certificate of the Secretary of State or Governor as is required by this Act has been given, and the fact of the same having been given shall be presumed unless disputed by the defendant at the trial; and the production of a document purporting to be signed by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as respects the United Kingdom, and by the Governor as respects any other part of Her Majesty's dominions, and containing such consent and certificate, shall be sufficient evidence for all the purposes of this Act of the consent and certificate required by this Act.

Proceedings before a justice of the peace or other magistrate previous to the committal of an offender for trial or to the determination of the justice or magistrate that the offender is to be put upon his trial shall not be deemed proceedings for the trial of the offence committed by such offender for the purposes of the said consent and certificate under this Act.

Saving as to jurisdiction.

5. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to be in derogation of any rightful jurisdiction of Her Majesty, her heirs or successors, under the law of nations, or to affect or prejudice any jurisdiction conferred by Act of Parliament or now by law existing in relation to foreign ships or in relation to persons on board such ships.

Saving as to piracy.

6. This Act shall not prejudice or affect the trial in manner heretofore in use of any act of piracy as defined by the law of nations, or affect or prejudice any law relating thereto; and where any act of piracy as defined by the law of nations is also any such offence as is declared by this Act to be within the jurisdiction of the Admiral, such offence may be tried in pursuance of this Act, or in pursuance of any other Act of Parliament, law, or custom relating thereto.

Definitions.

7. In this Act, unless there is something inconsistent in the context, the following expressions shall respectively have the meanings herein-after assigned to them; that is to say,

"Jurisdiction of the Admiral:"

"The jurisdiction of the Admiral," as used in this Act, includes the jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England and Ireland, or either of such jurisdictions as used in any Act of Parliament; and for the purpose of arresting any person charged with an offence declared by this Act to be within the jurisdiction of the Admiral, the territorial waters adjacent to the United Kingdom, or any other part of Her Majesty's dominions, shall be deemed to be within the jurisdiction of any judge, magistrate, or officer having power within such United Kingdom, or other part of Her Majesty's dominions, to issue warrants for arresting or to arrest persons charged with offences committed within the jurisdiction of such judge, magistrate, or officer:

"United Kingdom:"

"United Kingdom" includes the Isle of Man, the Channel Islands, and other adjacent islands:

"Territorial waters of Her Majesty's dominions."

"The territorial waters of Her Majesty's dominions," in reference to the sea, means such part of the sea adjacent to the coast of the United Kingdom, or the coast of some other part of Her Majesty's dominions, as is deemed by international law to be within the territorial sovereignty of Her Majesty; and for the purpose of any offence declared by this Act to be within the jurisdiction of the Admiral, any part of the open sea within one marine league of the coast measured from low-water

mark shall be deemed to be open sea within the territorial waters of Her Majesty's dominions:

"Governor," as respects India, means the Governor General or the Governor of any presidency; and where a British possession consists of several constituent colonies, means the Governor General of the whole possession or the Governor of any of the constituent colonies; and as respects any other British possession, means the officer for the time being administering the government of such possession; also any person acting for or in the capacity of Governor shall be included under the term "Governor:" "Governor:"

"Offence" as used in this Act means an act, neglect, or default of such a description as would, if committed within the body of a county in England, be punishable on indictment according to the law of England for the time being in force: "Offence:"

"Ship" includes every description of ship, boat, or other floating craft: "Ship:"

"Foreign ship" means any ship which is not a British ship. "Foreign ship."

CHAPTER 74.

An Act for making better provision respecting Contagious and Infectious Diseases of Cattle and other Animals; and for other purposes.

[16th August 1878.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

PART I.—GENERAL.

1. This Act may be cited as the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878. Short title.

2.—(1.) This Act shall, except as otherwise expressed, commence and have effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of September one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, which time is in this Act referred to as the commencement of this Act. Commencement of Act.

(2.) But on and after the passing of this Act any Order of Council and Order in Council necessary or proper for bringing this Act into operation at the commencement thereof, and any order or regulation of a local authority authorised by any such Order of Council or in Council, may be made so that the same do not take effect before the commencement of this Act; and on and after the passing of this Act any committee and any inspector or other officer may be appointed to act under this Act as from the commencement thereof.

3. This Act is divided into parts, as follows: Division of Act into parts.

Part I.—General.
Part II.—England.
Part III.—Scotland.
Part IV.—Ireland.

4. (1.) The enactments described in the First Schedule are hereby repealed, subject to the qualifications and exceptions in this Act mentioned. Repeal of enactments in schedule, with savings and other provisions.

(2.) The repeal of enactments or any other thing in this Act shall not—

(i.) Affect the past operation of any of those enactments, or any Order of Council or in Council or regulation of a local authority made, or any licence granted, or any committee or sub-committee constituted, or any appointment made, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued, or any money borrowed, or any market, wharf, lair, landing-place, or other accommodation provided, or any rate or mortgage made, or the validity or invalidity of anything done or suffered, under any of those enactments before the commencement of this Act.