described in the said bond and disposition in security, dated and recorded as aforesaid, as absolute proprietor thereof, but subject always to the burdens and conditions contained or referred to in the said bond and disposition in security, at the price of £ [*here mention the price at which the lands were last exposed, or the price at which the lands have been bought in, as the case may be*], and decerns; and grants warrant to record the decree to be extracted hereon in the register of sasines.

Note.—The extract decree is to describe the subject.

CHAPTER 45.

An Act to regulate and restrict the wearing of Naval and Military Uniforms. [25th August 1894.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the Uniforms Act, 1894.

Military uniforms not to be worn without authority.

2.—(1.) It shall not be lawful for any person not serving in Her Majesty's Military Forces to wear without Her Majesty's permission the uniform of any of those forces, or any dress having the appearance or bearing any of the regimental or other distinctive marks of any such uniform: Provided that this enactment shall not prevent—

(*a.*) A member of a band from wearing at or for the purpose of a public performance by the band at any time within six years after the passing of this Act any dress which, at the passing of this Act, is the recognised uniform of the band, unless the dress is an exact imitation of the uniform of any of Her Majesty's military forces; or

(*b.*) Any persons from wearing any uniform or dress in the course of a stage play performed in a place duly licensed or authorised for the public performance of stage plays, or in the course of a music hall or circus performance, or in the course of any bonâ fide military representation.

(2.) If any person contravenes this section he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

Penalty for bringing contempt on uniform.

3. If any person not serving in Her Majesty's Naval or Military Forces wears without Her Majesty's permission the uniform of any of those forces, or any dress having the appearance or bearing any of the regimental or other distinctive marks of any such uniform, in such a manner or under such circumstances as to be likely to bring contempt upon that uniform, or employs any other person so to wear that uniform or dress, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month.

Interpretation.

4. In this Act—

The expression "Her Majesty's Military Forces" means the regular forces, the reserve forces, and the auxiliary forces within the meaning of the Army Act, other than the naval coast volunteers and naval volunteers:

The expression "Her Majesty's Naval Forces" means the Navy, the naval coast volunteers, and the naval volunteers.

Commencement.

5. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

CHAPTER 46.

An Act to consolidate the Copyhold Acts.

[25th August 1894.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

PART I.

COMPULSORY ENFRANCHISEMENT.

Right to enfranchise.

Power to enfranchise copyholds.

1. Where there is an admitted tenant of copyhold land the lord or the tenant may, subject to the provisions of this Act, require and compel enfranchisement of the land.

Provided that this section shall not apply where the tenant is admitted in respect of a mortgage and the mortgagee is not in possession.

Power to extinguish manorial incidents.

2. A lord or tenant of any land liable to any heriot, quitrent, free rent, or other manorial incident whatsoever, may require and compel the extinguishment of such rights or incidents affecting the land, and the release and enfranchisement of the land subject thereto, in like manner as nearly as possible as is provided by this Act with respect to the right to compel the enfranchisement of copyhold land and to the proceedings thereupon, and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly.

Fines, &c. to be paid before enfranchisement.

3. A tenant shall not be entitled to require an enfranchisement of any land under this Act until after payment or tender—

(*a*) in case the land is copyhold and an admittance thereto has not been made since the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, of such fine and of the value of such heriot (if any) as would become payable in the event of admittance on alienation subsequent to that day, and of two thirds of such sum as the steward would have been entitled to in respect of the admittance; and

(*b*) in case the land is freehold (including customary freehold) and subject to heriots and no heriot has become due or payable since the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred