and being insufficient in size for the wants of the neighbourhood, and a new chapel was built on a different site within the chapel yard of the said ancient chapel:

And whereas such new chapel was not consecrated or licensed for the solemnization of marriages:

And whereas divers banns of matrimony and marriages have been published and solemnized respectively in such new chapel, and entries of the said marriages so solemnized have been from time to time made in the register books kept in the said chapel, and doubts have been entertained as to the validity of the said banns and marriages, and registers, by reason of the said new chapel not having been consecrated or licensed as aforesaid, and it is expedient that such doubts should be removed:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Marriages solemnized in the new chapel not to be invalid, &c.

1. None of the banns of matrimony or marriages heretofore published or solemnized in the said new chapel shall be invalid by reason of the same having been published or solemnized in a chapel not duly consecrated or licensed for marriages; and the register of such marriages, and copies of or extracts from such register, shall have the same legal validity as they would have had if at the time when the entries were made in such register such new chapel had been duly consecrated and licensed for marriages; and the minister or ministers who solemnized the said marriages shall not be liable to any ecclesiastical censure, or to any proceedings or penalties whatever by reason thereof.

CHAPTER 21.

An Act to abolish Tests in Trinity College and the University of Dublin.

[26th May 1873.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the benefits of Trinity College and the University of Dublin, and of the schools in the said University as places of religion and learning, should be rendered freely accessible to the nation:

And whereas by means of divers restrictions, tests, and disabilities, many of Her Majesty's subjects are debarred from the full enjoyment of the same:

And whereas it is expedient that such restrictions, tests, and disabilities should be removed:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the University of Dublin Tests Act, 1873.

Interpretation of terms.

2. In the construction of this Act,—

The word "office" shall not, so long as the University of Dublin shall continue to teach and to grant degrees in the Faculty of Theology, apply to any Professor of or Lecturer in Divinity; but, save as aforesaid, the word shall include every professorship, assistant or deputy professorship, public readership, prelectorship, lectureship, assistant lectureship, provostship, fellowship, studentship, tutorship, scholarship, and exhibition, and also any office or emolument not in this section specified, the income of which is payable out of the revenues or income of the said university or college, or any of the schools therein, or which is held and enjoyed by any member of the same.

Abolition of tests.

3. From and after the passing of this Act no person shall be required upon exercising, or to enable him to exercise, any of the rights and privileges which may heretofore have been or may hereafter be exercised by students or graduates in the said university, or upon taking or holding, or to enable him to take or hold, any office in the said university or college as aforesaid, or upon teaching, or to enable him to teach within the said university or college, to subscribe to any article or formulary of faith, or to make any

declaration or take any oath respecting his religious belief or profession, or to conform to any form of public worship, or to do any act in connexion with any form of public worship, or to belong to any specified church, sect, or denomination; nor shall any person be compelled in the said university or college to attend the public worship of any church, sect, or denomination to which he does not belong; and no person elected to a fellowship or any other office shall be deprived of his office by reason that he is not or does not become ordained in holy orders.

Portion of Act as in Schedule repealed.

4. Upon the passing of this Act, the Act specified in the Schedule to this Act is hereby repealed to the extent in the third column of the said Schedule expressed.

SCHEDULE.

Date of Act.	Title of Act.	Portion repealed.
33 Geo. 3. c. 21. of the Parliament of Ireland.	An Act for the Relief of His Majesty's Popish or Roman Catholic subjects of Ireland.	So much of section 7. as excepts from the operation of said section the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity, near Dublin.

CHAPTER 22.

An Act to amend the law with respect to Customs Duties in the Australian Colonies. [26th May 1873.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law with respect to Customs Duties in the Australian colonies:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Australian Colonies Duties Act, 1873."

Interpretation clause.

2. In this Act the term "Australian Colonies" shall mean the colonies of New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Queensland, Western Australia, and Tasmania:

The term "country" shall mean any country or place except Australian colonies, and the colony of New Zealand.

Power to Colonial Legislatures to regulate duties.

3. The Legislature of any one of the Australian colonies shall, for the purpose of carrying into effect any agreement between any two or more of the said colonies, or between any one or more of the said colonies and New Zealand, have full power from time to time to make laws with respect to the remission or imposition of duties upon the importation into such colony of any article the produce or manufacture of or imported from any other of the said colonies, or the produce or manufacture of or imported from New Zealand.

Provided always, that for the purpose aforesaid no new duty shall be imposed upon, and no existing duty shall be remitted as to, the importation into any of the Australian colonies of any article, the produce or manufacture of any particular country, which shall not be equally imposed upon, or remitted as to, the importation into such colony of the like article the produce or manufacture of any other country: Provided further, that no duties shall be levied upon articles imported into any of the Australian colonies for the supply of Her Majesty's land or sea forces, nor shall any duty be levied or remitted contrary to or at variance with any Treaty or Treaties for the time being subsisting between Her Majesty and any foreign power.