THE SCHEDULE

MINIMUM PRICE FOR MILLABLE RYE

1. On a sale by a grower the minimum price shall be at the rate of 21s. 10d. per cwt. net.

2. The price prescribed in paragraph 1 of this Schedule is fixed on the basis of sale by the grower ex farm and accordingly all transport charges shall be for the account of the buyer.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This amending Order—

(1) reduces the minimum price of millable rye from 23s. 0d., to 21s. 10d. per cwt.;

(2) increases the price of M.A.F. sacks from 1s. 6d. to 1s. 9d.;

(3) discontinues the classification of potentially millable rye.

The Wheat (Great Britain) Order, 1951

1951 No. 1122

Made - - - -	*26th June*, 1951
Laid before Parliament	*27th June*, 1951
Coming into Operation	*1st July*, 1951

The Minister of Food, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon him by Regulations 55, 55AA and 55AB of the Defence (General) Regulations, 1939, as having effect by virtue of the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) Act, 1945(a) (as extended by the Supplies and Services (Extended Purposes) Act, 1947(b) and the Supplies and Services (Defence Purposes) Act, 1951(c), and continued in force by the Supplies and Services (Continuance) Order, 1950(d)), and of all other powers him enabling in that behalf, hereby orders as follows:—

Interpretation

1. In this Order—

"The Minister" means the Minister of Food.

"Approved buyer" means a person licensed as such under this Order and includes a person who, immediately before the coming into force of this Order, was licensed as an approved buyer under the Wheat (Great Britain) Order, 1949, as amended(e).

"Buy", "obtain", "sell" or "supply" include offer or agree to buy, obtain, sell or supply as the case may be.

(a) 9 & 10 Geo. 6. c. 10; and S.R. & O. 1945 (Nos. 1611 and 1615–25) II, pp. 39 and 45–56.
(b) 10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 55.
(c) 14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 25.
(d) S.I. 1950 (No. 1769) III, p. 51.
(e) S.I. 1949 (Nos. 1164 and 1395) II, pp. 471 and 489; and 1950 (Nos. 1080 and 2048) III, pp. 674–6.

" Grower " means a grower of wheat in Great Britain and includes the seller or supplier thereof on the first sale or disposition after threshing, but for the purposes of the First and Second Schedules to this Order shall not include an approved buyer.

" Local Wheat Committee " has the meaning assigned to it in the Wheat Bye-Laws, 1932(a).

" Millable wheat " means wheat which is sweet and in fair merchantable condition, reasonably free from sprouted or smutty grains, commercially clean as regards admixture and tailings and commercially free from heated or mouldy grains or objectionable taint, and capable of being manufactured into a sound sweet flour fit for human consumption having regard to the customary methods employed in the milling industry for cleaning and conditioning wheat.

" Non-millable wheat " means wheat which is neither millable nor potentially millable.

" M.A.F. sack " means a sack sold to a grower by the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries and made from 11 ounce/45 inch standard Hessian and measuring when empty approximately 25 inches by 44 inches.

" Potentially millable wheat " means any wheat which by treatment can be converted into millable wheat at a cost not exceeding 4s. 0d. per cwt., such cost to include proper allowance for wastage.

" Screenings " means the residue of grain remaining when the maximum quantity of millable, potentially millable or seed wheat has been separated from any parcel of wheat.

" Seed wheat merchant " means a person licensed as such under this Order and includes a person who, immediately before the coming into force of this Order, was licensed as a seed wheat merchant under the Wheat (Great Britain) Order, 1949, as amended.

" Tailings " means broken, small or immature wheat grain with or without other material separated in the course of threshing wheat.

" Wheat " includes tailings and screenings, and, except where the context otherwise requires, means threshed wheat.

PART I—CONTROL

Sale, etc. for seed

2.—(1) No person shall buy or obtain or sell or supply for use as seed any mixture of grain containing more than 25 per cent. by weight of wheat unless such mixture of grain consists solely of wheat and beans.

(2) A person who has bought any wheat for use as seed shall not sell or otherwise dispose of any such wheat or use any such wheat for any purpose other than seed.

Restrictions on dealings

3.—(1) No grower shall in any way dispose of wheat grown by him except by way of sale to an approved buyer or a seed wheat merchant or use it except for the purpose of such sale:

Provided that nothing in this Article shall prohibit a grower—

(*a*) from using any such wheat for sowing on land in his occupation;

(a) S.R. & O. 1932 (No. 588) p. 1753.

(*b*) from using for feeding to livestock in his ownership, possession or control—

(i) any wheat grown by him and threshed after the 30th day of June, 1951, so long as the quantity of such wheat so used by him does not at any time exceed two tons or 25 per cent. of the total weight of such wheat already threshed by him after that date, whichever is the greater;

(ii) any such wheat where the total acreage of wheat grown by him in the United Kingdom does not exceed 2 acres.

(2) No person other than an approved buyer or a seed wheat merchant shall buy or obtain any wheat from a grower.

(3) No approved buyer shall for the purpose of any trade or business carried on by him—

(*a*) buy or obtain any wheat except from a grower, another approved buyer or a seed wheat merchant including an approved buyer or seed wheat merchant licensed as such under the Wheat (Northern Ireland) Order, 1949, as amended(a), or any Order replacing that Order, or

(*b*) sell or supply any wheat except to another approved buyer, the Minister or an approved buyer licensed as such under the Wheat (Northern Ireland) Order, 1949, as amended, or any Order replacing that Order, provided that—

(i) where the approved buyer is the holder of a licence as a seed wheat merchant he may sell or supply such wheat as permitted by paragraph (5) of this Article, and

(ii) an approved buyer may sell or supply non-millable wheat to any person.

(4) No person other than a person holding a licence as a seed wheat merchant shall buy or obtain any wheat for resale as seed or sell or supply any wheat to a person buying the same for use as seed by him.

(5) No seed wheat merchant shall—

(*a*) buy or obtain any wheat for resale as seed except from a grower, another seed wheat merchant or a seed wheat merchant licensed as such under the Wheat (Northern Ireland) Order, 1949, as amended, or any Order replacing that Order; or

(*b*) sell or supply any wheat bought by him for resale as seed except to—

(i) another seed wheat merchant or a seed wheat merchant licensed as such under the Wheat (Northern Ireland) Order, 1949, as amended, or any Order replacing that Order, acquiring the same for resale as seed,

(ii) an approved buyer including an approved buyer licensed as such under the Wheat (Northern Ireland) Order, 1949, as amended, or any Order replacing that Order, or

(iii) a person acquiring the same for use as seed by him.

(6) No person shall use or cause to be used or sell or supply any millable or potentially millable wheat for any purpose other than—

(*a*) the manufacture in the United Kingdom of flour or meal for human consumption; or

(*b*) use in the United Kingdom as seed; or

as permitted by proviso (*b*) of paragraph (1) of this Article.

(a) S.I. 1949 (Nos. 1165 and 1395) II, pp. 480 and 489; and 1950 (Nos. 1080 and 2048) III, pp. 674–6.

(7) No person other than an approved buyer or a seed wheat merchant shall buy or obtain any wheat except from an approved buyer or a seed wheat merchant unless the wheat is non-millable wheat and bought in accordance with the Feeding Stuffs (Licensing) Order, 1950, as amended(**a**), and the Feeding Stuffs (Rationing) Order, 1949, as amended(**b**).

Non-millable Wheat

4. No approved buyer or seed wheat merchant shall use or sell or supply any wheat as non-millable wheat unless it shall have been certified as non-millable by a Local Wheat Committee; provided that it shall be a defence in any proceedings for an infringement of this Article for the defendant to prove that the wheat was purchased from another approved buyer as non-millable wheat and that he had reasonable cause to believe that it had been so certified.

Decision whether wheat is millable, potentially millable or non-millable

5. If in relation to a sale or proposed sale of any wheat by a grower to an approved buyer or by one approved buyer to another approved buyer any difference shall arise between the buyer and seller as to whether the wheat is millable, potentially millable or non-millable, the matter shall be referred to the Local Wheat Committee in whose area the wheat is situate and the decision of that Committee as to whether the wheat is millable, potentially millable or non-millable shall be final and conclusive.

Wheat not to be damaged

6. No person shall damage or permit to be damaged or treat or permit to be treated any wheat so as to render the same less fit for use as seed or for use in the manufacture of flour or meal for human consumption or waste any wheat or permit it to be wasted, provided that any use permitted under paragraph (1) of Article 3 hereof shall not be a use contrary to the provisions of this Article.

Keeping of records

7.—(1) Every grower shall keep or cause to be kept an accurate record of the quantities of all wheat disposed of by him, specifying separately the quantities sown, sold and otherwise disposed of by him and, in the case of sales, specifying the name and address of the person to whom the wheat was sold and the price charged.

(2) Every approved buyer and every seed wheat merchant shall keep or cause to be kept an accurate record of all his purchases and sales specifying in respect of each purchase and sale—

(*a*) the date thereof;

(*b*) whether the wheat in question was millable, potentially millable or non-millable;

(*c*) the name and address of the person from whom it was purchased or to whom it was sold;

(*d*) the quantity purchased or sold, and the price paid or charged.

(3) The retention by any person of an invoice or a copy of an invoice shall, as respects the particulars mentioned in such document, be a sufficient compliance by him with the provisions of this Article.

(4) Every person who is required by this Article to keep any record shall retain the same for not less than one year from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

(**a**) S.I. 1950 (Nos. 138, 440 and 992) III, pp. 538–42.
(**b**) S.I. 1949 (No. 1584) II, p. 261; and 1950 (Nos. 990 and 1542) III, pp. 451–4.

PART II—PRICES

Fixed and Maximum Prices

8.—(1) No person shall buy or sell any wheat at a price other than the fixed price applicable in accordance with the First Schedule to this Order or at a price exceeding the maximum price so applicable, together with any additions to such prices made in accordance with the provisions of the Second Schedule to this Order.

(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article shall not apply to the purchase or sale of wheat for use as seed or for resale for such use.

Price of M.A.F. Sacks

9.—(1) Where wheat is sold in an M.A.F. sack each sack shall on every sale be charged by the seller as non-returnable and the price to be charged and paid therefor shall be 1s. 9d.

(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article shall not apply unless the said sack is at the time of sale in a suitable condition for the commercial transport of wheat, has not been emptied since being originally filled with wheat by the grower and was in a new condition at the time of being so filled.

Decision as to certain deductions

10. If any question shall arise whether any deduction, mentioned in the First Schedule to this Order, for converting potentially millable wheat into millable wheat is or is not reasonable such question shall be referred to the Minister whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

PART III—GENERAL

Artificial transactions; unreasonable charges

11. No person shall in connection with the sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any wheat enter or offer to enter into any artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Notification that wheat artificially dried

12. Where wheat, other than non-millable wheat, has been artificially dried before sale the seller shall, at or before the time of sale, notify the buyer in writing that the wheat has been artificially dried; provided that it shall be a defence in any proceedings for an infringement of this Article for the defendant to prove that he had no reason to believe that the wheat had been artificially dried.

Directions, authorisations and licences

13.—(1) The provisions of this Order are subject to any directions which may at any time be given by or on behalf of the Minister and to any licences or authorisations which may be granted by or on behalf of the Minister under this Order.

(2) Every person holding a licence or authorisation granted under this Order shall comply with every condition imposed by such licence or authorisation.

(3) Every licence or authorisation granted under this Order is and shall remain the property of the Minister and the licensee or any person being in possession of any such licence or authorisation shall, if requested to do so by or on behalf of the Minister, produce or deliver it to such person or to a person of such class or description and within such time as may be specified in the request.

Infringements

14. Infringements of this Order are offences against the Defence (General) Regulations, 1939.

Application

15.—(1) This Order shall not apply to wheat which has been grown outside the United Kingdom.

(2) This Order shall not apply to Northern Ireland.

(3) This Order shall not apply to the supply of wheat for use as seed by way of export from the United Kingdom.

Revocation

16.—(1) The Wheat (Great Britain) Order, 1949, as amended(a), is hereby revoked, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

(2) Any licence granted under the said Order, or continuing in force by virtue of the said Order, and subsisting immediately before the date of the coming into force of this Order, shall continue to have effect as if it had been granted under this Order.

(3) Every person shall notwithstanding the revocation of the said Order retain any record required to be kept by him thereunder until the expiration of one year from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Commencement and citation

17. This Order shall come into operation on the 1st day of July, 1951, and may be cited as the Wheat (Great Britain) Order, 1951.

Maurice Webb,
Minister of Food.

Dated the 26th day of June, 1951.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

[New First Schedule substituted by S.I. 1951 No. 2038, *see* p. 330 below.]

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

Additions Which May be Made by the Seller to the Prices Specified in the First Schedule to this Order

1. *Credit*

The prices prescribed by this Order are fixed on the basis of net cash; where credit is given by the seller to the buyer, a reasonable charge may be made therefor, provided that the amount of such charge is specified separately on an invoice to be furnished by the seller to the buyer not later than 14 days after the date of sale.

2. *Transport Charges*

The prices prescribed by this Order are fixed on the basis that all transport charges after sale by the grower "ex-farm" are for the account of the ultimate buyer, and accordingly there may be added to such prices all transport charges after such sale:

Provided that—

(*a*) such charges so added shall not exceed any reasonable amounts actually and properly paid or payable by the seller and any other reasonable sums representing transport costs properly incurred by him;

(a) S.I. 1949 (Nos. 1164 and 1395) II, pp. 471 and 489; and 1950 (Nos. 1080 and 2048) III, pp. 674–6.

(*b*) on a sale by an approved buyer, no such charge shall be payable to him unless he shall have furnished to the buyer a written certificate showing that the charge in question was actually and properly paid or payable by him or, as the case may be, properly incurred by him;

(*c*) where on a sale of wheat by the Minister an average or flat rate is charged in respect of transport, the amount so charged shall be deemed to be a reasonable amount actually and properly paid or payable for transport.

3. *Sacks*

(1) Where the seller provides returnable sacks (owned or hired by him) he may make a reasonable charge therefor, provided that—

(*a*) he specifies on an invoice to be furnished to the buyer—

(i) the amount of such charge or the rate thereof;

(ii) whether or not such charge or any part thereof is made by way of deposit; and

(iii) if part of such charge is made by way of deposit, the amount thereof;

(*b*) any charge made by way of deposit shall be repaid by the seller to the buyer on the re-delivery by the buyer of the sack (carriage paid) in such condition as is reasonable having regard to its condition when supplied and to ordinary wear and tear.

(2) Where the seller provides non-returnable sacks, other than M.A.F. sacks, the seller may make a charge for each sack at a rate not exceeding 2s. 2d. per cwt. of the contents sold, or in the case of a sale of less than one cwt. at a rate not exceeding 2s. 5d. per cwt.

4. *Handling—In and Out of Store*

Where, on a sale other than a sale by a grower, any wheat has been taken into and delivered out of the seller's store the seller may make in respect of each lot of wheat so sold by him a charge of 2d. per cwt.

5. *Small Lots (Non-Millable Wheat)*

Where, on a sale other than a sale by the grower, non-millable wheat is, at the request of the buyer, delivered by the seller in any of the under-mentioned quantities a charge may be made by the seller in accordance with the following scale:—

Quantity Delivered	Charge at a rate not exceeding
	s. d.
10 cwt. or more but less than 20 cwt. ...	3 per cwt.
5 cwt. or more but less than 10 cwt. ...	6 per cwt.
1 cwt. or more but less than 5 cwt. ...	1 0 per cwt.
½ cwt. or more but less than 1 cwt. ...	1 6 per cwt. or 9d. per ½ cwt.
28 lb. or more but less than ½ cwt. ...	2 6 per cwt., 11½d. per 42 lb. or 7½d. per 28 lb.
14 lb. or more but less than 28 lb. ...	3 0 per cwt., 6¾d. per 21 lb. or 4½d. per 14 lb.
Under 14 lb.	4 0 per cwt. or 3d. per 7 lb.

6. *Prohibition of Further Additions*

Except as provided in this Schedule or under the authority of the Minister no charge shall be made in addition to the fixed or maximum prices in respect of credit, breaking bulk, transport, containers or handling in and out of store.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order replaces the Wheat (Great Britain) Order, 1949, as amended.

It sets out the fixed and maximum prices for wheat in Great Britain for July to November, 1951.

The price of M.A.F. sacks is increased from 1s. 6d. to 1s. 9d.

The maximum permitted charge for non-returnable sacks, other than M.A.F. sacks, is increased to 2s. 2d. per cwt. of contents, or on a sale of less than 1 cwt. to 2s. 5d. per cwt.

A reasonable charge is permitted for returnable sacks instead of maximum permitted charges being prescribed.

Growers may use for feeding to their livestock 25 per cent. of their wheat (including tailings and non-millable wheat) threshed after 30th June, 1951, or two tons, whichever is the greater.

The Order now permits seed wheat merchants to buy from growers.

The Wheat (Northern Ireland) Order, 1951

1951 No. 1123

Made - - - - -	*26th June,* 1951
Laid before Parliament	*27th June,* 1951
Coming into Operation	*1st July,* 1951

The Minister of Food, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon him by Regulations 55, 55AA and 55AB of the Defence (General) Regulations, 1939, as having effect by virtue of the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) Act, 1945(a) (as extended by the Supplies and Services (Extended Purposes) Act, 1947(b) and the Supplies and Services (Defence Purposes) Act, 1951(c), and continued in force by the Supplies and Services (Continuance) Order, 1950(d)), and of all other powers him enabling in that behalf, hereby orders as follows:—

Interpretation

1. In this Order—

"The Minister" means the Minister of Food.

"The Ministry" means the Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland.

"Approved buyer" means a person licensed as such by the Ministry under this Order, and includes a person who, immediately before the coming into force of this Order, was licensed as an approved buyer under the Wheat (Northern Ireland) Order, 1949, as amended(e).

"Buy", "obtain", "sell" or "supply" include offer or agree to buy, obtain, sell or supply, as the case may be.

(a) 9 & 10 Geo. 6. c. 10; and S.R. & O. 1945 (Nos. 1611 and 1615–25) II, pp. 39 and 45–56.
(b) 10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 55.
(c) 14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 25.
(d) S.I. 1950 (No. 1769) III, p. 51.
(e) S.I. 1949 (Nos. 1165 and 1395) II, pp. 480 and 489; and 1950 (Nos. 1080 and 2048) III, pp. 674–6.