ceases to have effect as respects the imposition of the levy for any period after 30th September, 1957.

The principal changes are that—

(1) the rates of levy have been altered to give an increase in the amount of levy payable; and

(2) the extent of the industry, for the purposes of the Order, has been varied by the exclusion of the carrying out of processes in the manufacture of felt polishing bobs, and the inclusion of the carrying out of processes in connection with bonded wool fabrics and of additional processes in connection with pressed felt.

1957 No. 1378

The Wool Textile Industry (Scientific Research Levy) Order, 1957

Made - - - -	31*st July*, 1957
Coming into Operation	1*st October*, 1957

Whereas funds have been made available under the Wool Textile Industry (Scientific Research Levy) Order, 1950(a), as amended(b), to a body called the Wool Textile Research Council for the purpose of scientific research in connection with the wool textile industry:

And Whereas it appears to the Board of Trade that funds should continue to be made available to that body for that purpose:

And Whereas a draft of this Order has been approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament:

Now, therefore, the Board of Trade in pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by section 9 of the Industrial Organisation and Development Act, 1947(c), hereby order as follows:—

Extent of the Industry

1. For the purposes of this Order the wool textile industry shall consist of the activities designated in the Schedule hereto (hereinafter referred to as "the designated activities").

Persons to whom the Order applies

2. The persons to whom this Order applies are—

(*a*) every person who on the 1st day of October, 1957, is carrying on, or who thereafter commences to carry on, any business comprising any of the designated activities; and

(*b*) every person (not being a person carrying on business as aforesaid) who on that date is carrying on, or who thereafter commences to carry on, any business in Great Britain consisting wholly or partly in the supply of fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre, other than a business which, in so far as it relates to the supply of such fibre, relates solely to the supply of raw wool or hair from the coat or fleece of animals owned by the person carrying on the business.

(a) S.I. 1950/1739 (1950 I, p. 1115).
(b) S.I. 1952/1484, 1954/972, 1956/1138 (1952 I, p. 1240; 1954 I, p. 1000; 1956 I, p. 1097).
(c) 10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 40.

Payment of levies

3. Subject to the provisions of Article 5 hereof, every person to whom this Order applies shall pay to the Board of Trade in respect of each period of six months ending on the 31st day of March and the 30th day of September respectively in every year—

(*a*) in the case of a person described in head (*a*) of Article 2 hereof, a charge calculated, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (1) of Article 4 hereof, upon his employment units and the total weight of goods supplied by him, and owned by him and consumed respectively as specified in that paragraph;

(*b*) in the case of a person described in head (*b*) of Article 2 hereof, a charge calculated, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2) of Article 4 hereof, upon the total weight of goods supplied by him as specified in that paragraph.

Computation of levies

4.—(1) The charge to be paid by virtue of the provisions of Article 3 hereof in respect of any period therein mentioned by a person described in head (*a*) of Article 2 hereof, shall be calculated in respect of that period at the following rates:

(*a*) 4·5d. in respect of each of his employment units (being employment units calculated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (3) of this Article);

(*b*) 0·9375d. in respect of each 100 lbs. of the total weight of fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre (other than raw wool or hair from the coat or fleece of animals owned by him and other than tops and broken tops) supplied by him during that period in, or by export from, Great Britain, not being goods comprised in a sale by him by auction or raw wool or hair supplied by him by export from Great Britain or by delivery on board a vessel or aircraft for carriage to a place outside Great Britain;

(*c*) 1·75d. in respect of each 100 lbs. of the total weight of fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre (being tops and broken tops) supplied by him during that period in, or by export from, Great Britain; and, in addition

(*d*) in the case of a person carrying out, or procuring the carrying out on commission of, any of the processes specified in heads (*c*), (*f*) and (*h*) of paragraph 1 of the Schedule hereto—

(i) 0·9375d. in respect of each 100 lbs. of the total weight of fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre (other than tops and broken tops) owned by him and consumed during that period in the carrying out of any one or more of those processes, being goods acquired by him (whether or not during that period) at a sale by auction or by importation into Great Britain;

(ii) 1·75d. in respect of each 100 lbs. of the total weight of fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre (being tops and broken tops) owned by him and consumed during that period in the carrying out of any one or more of those processes, being goods—

(*a*) acquired by him (whether or not during that period) by importation into Great Britain; or

(*b*) made (whether or not during that period) from fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre (other than tops and broken tops) acquired by him (whether or not during that period) at a sale by auction or by importation into Great Britain; and

(iii) 0·9375d. in respect of each 100 lbs. of the total weight of fibre owned by him and consumed during that period in the carrying out of any one or more of those processes, being fibre produced from rags acquired by him whether or not during that period.

(2) The charge to be paid by virtue of the provisions of Article 3 hereof in respect of any period therein mentioned by a person described in head (*b*) of Article 2 hereof, shall be calculated in respect of that period at the following rates:—

(*a*) 0·9375d. in respect of each 100 lbs. of the total weight of fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre (other than raw wool or hair from the coat or fleece of animals owned by him and other than tops and broken tops) supplied by him during that period in, or by export from, Great Britain, not being goods comprised in a sale by him by auction or raw wool or hair supplied by him by export from Great Britain or by delivery on board a vessel or aircraft for carriage to a place outside Great Britain; and

(*b*) 1·75d. in respect of each 100 lbs. of the total weight of fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre (being tops and broken tops) supplied by him during that period in, or by export from, Great Britain.

(3) For the purposes of this Article, employment units shall be calculated in relation to any person and for the purposes of any charge by aggregating the total numbers of persons employed by him, under a contract of service, in the actual performance of any process comprised in the designated activities (other than the process of sorting fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre) or for purposes ancillary to such performance, during the whole or any part of each period of seven days ending on a Saturday comprised in the period in respect of which that charge is to be calculated.

Exemptions from payment of levies

5.—(1) A person shall not be required to pay that part of any charge which is calculated under Article 4 (1) (*d*) hereof if, during the period in respect of which that charge is to be calculated—

(*a*) he did not at any time carry on the designated activity specified in paragraph 2 of the Schedule hereto; and

(*b*) he did not at any time employ any person under a contract of service in the actual performance of any process comprised in the designated activities specified in paragraph 1 of the Schedule hereto.

(2) A person shall not be required to pay that part of any charge which is calculated under head (*b*) or (*c*) of paragraph (1) of Article 4 hereof, if the total weight of the goods specified in those heads supplied by him during the period in respect of which that charge is to be calculated divided by the number of days comprised in that period, did not exceed 100 lbs.

(3) A person shall not be required to pay any charge which is calculated under paragraph (2) of Article 4 hereof, if the total weight of the goods specified in that paragraph supplied by him during the period in respect of

which that charge is to be calculated divided by the number of days comprised in that period, did not exceed 100 lbs.

(4) A person shall not be required to pay that part of any charge which is calculated under head (*a*) of paragraph (1) of Article 4 hereof, if the total weight of wool material subjected by him to any one or more of the processes specified in the Schedule hereto during the period in respect of which that charge is to be calculated divided by the number of days comprised in that period, did not exceed 25 lbs.

Where any wool material is subjected by a person to more than one such process the weight thereof shall, in relation to him, be taken into account only once for the purpose of this paragraph.

Time for payment of levies

6.—(1) As soon as may be after expiration of each period mentioned in Article 3 hereof the Board of Trade will by notice, given in such manner as they think best adapted for informing the persons affected, require the payment of the charges imposed by this Order in respect of that period.

(2) Every person liable to pay a charge imposed by this Order in respect of any period shall pay that charge within 30 days of the date on which the notice referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article is given in respect of that period.

(3) The amount of any such charge shall be recoverable by the Board of Trade as a debt.

(4) All monies received by the Board of Trade in respect of any such charge shall be paid by them into the Wool Textile Industry (Scientific Research Levy) Deposit Account, being an account opened by Her Majesty's Paymaster General on behalf of the Board of Trade, and shall be issued thereout to the Wool Textile Research Council to meet any expenses incurred by it in respect of scientific research in connection with the wool textile industry.

Furnishing of information

7. The Board of Trade may by notice in writing require any person to whom this Order applies:—

(*a*) to furnish such returns and other information;

(*b*) to keep such records; and

(*c*) to produce for examination such books and other documents and records

as may appear to the Board of Trade to be reasonably requisite for the purpose of the recovery of any charge imposed by this Order.

Enforcement

8. Any person to whom this Order applies who is required by notice in writing by the Board of Trade under the provisions of Article 7 hereof to furnish returns or other information, to keep records, or to produce for examination books or other documents or records, shall furnish in such form and manner and within such time such returns or other information as may be specified in the notice, or, as the case may be, keep such records or produce at such time such books or other documents or records in his custody or under his control as may be so specified.

Penalties

9.—(1) If any person required under the provisions of Article 7 hereof to furnish returns or other information, to keep records or to produce for

examination books or other documents or records fails to furnish, keep or produce them in accordance with the requirement he shall, unless he proves that he had reasonable excuse for the failure, be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds for every day during which the failure continues.

(2) If any person in purporting to fulfil any requirement imposed under the provisions of Article 7 hereof to furnish returns or other information knowingly or recklessly makes any statement which is false in a material particular he shall be liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds, or on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or, in either case, to both such imprisonment and such fine.

Interpretation

10. In this Order the following expressions have the meanings respectively assigned to them :—

"animal fibre" means fibre (other than hatters' fur) from the coat or fleece of alpaca, camel, goat, hare, lamb, llama, rabbit, sheep or vicuna which has not been subjected to any process other than a process of a kind carried out in the preparation of fibre for manufacture into rovings, yarn or pressed felt; and includes such fibre which has been recovered and which has not been so subjected subsequent to recovery;

"carrying out on commission" means, in relation to any person, the carrying out in pursuance of a contract of work and labour (with or without the provision of materials) of any of the processes specified in the Schedule hereto wholly or mainly upon or from materials owned in the course of his business by the person procuring the performance of the service;

"fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre" includes tops, broken tops, noils, shoddy, mungo and wastes of any description (other than wastes suitable only for manurial purposes), containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre;

"rags" means any discarded or waste material containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre, being—

(*a*) a garment or part of a garment; or

(*b*) woven, knitted, netted, crochetted or felted material, other than a thrum or a hosiery clip or overlock;

"raw wool or hair" means fibre from the coat or fleece of alpaca, camel, goat, hare, lamb, llama, rabbit, sheep or vicuna which has not been subjected to any process other than washing, scouring, carbonising or willeying (by whatever name known);

"supplied" means supplied in pursuance of a contract of sale, sale or return, hire-purchase or barter; and "acquired" has a corresponding meaning; and

"wool material" means any material or article containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre, and includes fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre, rovings, yarn, pressed felt, bonded wool fabrics, woven tissues, woven felt, woven blankets, woven travelling rugs, woven scarves and woven pram rugs.

Cessation of charges under the Wool Textile Industry (Scientific Research Levy) Order, 1950

11. The provisions of Article 3 of the Wool Textile Industry (Scientific Research Levy) Order, 1950, as amended, shall not impose on any person any charge in respect of any period after the 30th day of September, 1957.

Citation and commencement

12.—(1) The Interpretation Act, 1889(a), shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

(2) This Order may be cited as the Wool Textile Industry (Scientific Research Levy) Order, 1957, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of October, 1957.

Dated this 31st day of July, 1957.

F. J. Erroll.
Parliamentary Secretary
to the Board of Trade.

SCHEDULE

The activities of which the wool textile industry consists are:—

1. The carrying out in Great Britain of any of the following processes:—

(*a*) any process—

(i) of sorting, treating, dyeing, using or consuming fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre; or

(ii) of treating or dyeing rags,

otherwise than for agricultural purposes or in the manufacture of flock, paper, felt polishing bobs, felt hats, felt hat hoods, capelines or manchions;

(*b*) the process of combing or re-combing fibre containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of animal fibre;

(*c*) the process of making rovings or of spinning yarn containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of processed animal fibre;

(*d*) any of the processes of twisting, doubling, folding, winding, warping, beaming, sizing or dyeing yarn which after such process contains more than 15 per cent. by weight of processed animal fibre, or any other process in the preparation of such yarn for further processing, except in so far as any of those processes is performed on machinery which forms a subsidiary part of plant used for the production of hosiery or other knitted goods, carpets or narrow fabrics, and that process is ancillary to the main operations conducted on such plant;

(*e*) any process in the making up of yarn containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of processed animal fibre in the form of hanks, skeins, balls or the like of a kind normally sold by retail;

(*f*) any process in the manufacture, dyeing, printing or finishing of pressed felt (other than felt polishing bobs, felt hats, felt hat hoods, capelines and manchions) containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of processed animal fibre carried out by a person who produces pressed felt;

(*g*) any process in the manufacture, dyeing, printing or finishing of woven tissues (excluding narrow fabrics and carpets and other floor coverings), woven felt, woven blankets or woven travelling rugs, containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of processed animal fibre;

(a) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

(*h*) any process in the manufacture, dyeing, printing or finishing of bonded wool fabrics containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of processed animal fibre carried out by a person who produces bonded wool fabrics;

(*i*) any process in the weaving of scarves or pram rugs containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of processed animal fibre.

2. Procuring the carrying out on commission in Great Britain of any one or more of the processes included in heads (*c*), (*f*) and (*h*) of paragraph 1 hereof.

In this Schedule—

"narrow fabrics" means fabrics not exceeding 18 inches in width with two selvedges;

"processed animal fibre" means fibre (other than hatters' fur) from the coat or fleece of alpaca, camel, goat, hare, lamb, llama, rabbit, sheep or vicuna which has been subjected to any process of manufacture or recovery.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order continues the imposition of the levy on the wool textile industry for the purpose of financing scientific research.

The Wool Textile Industry (Scientific Research Levy) Order, 1950, as amended, under which the levy for that purpose has hitherto been imposed, ceases to have effect as respects the imposition of the levy for any period after 30th September, 1957.

The principal changes are that—

(1) the rates of levy have been altered to give an increase in the amount of levy payable; and

(2) the extent of the industry, for the purposes of the Order, has been varied by the exclusion of the carrying out of processes in the manufacture of felt polishing bobs, and the inclusion of the carrying out of processes in connection with bonded wool fabrics and of additional processes in connection with pressed felt.

INFERIOR COURT, ENGLAND

1957 No. 427

The Administration of Justice (Local Courts) Order, 1957

Made - - - - 15*th March*, 1957
Coming into Operation 1*st April*, 1957

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of March, 1957

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Whereas it is provided by section 44 of the Administration of Justice Act, 1956(a) (hereinafter referred to as "the Act"), that Her Majesty may by Order in Council direct that any of the provisions of Part IV of the Act (which contains general provisions as to the enforcement of judgments and

(a) 4 & 5 Eliz. 2. c. 46.